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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/527,414	11/09/2006	Todd Campbell	PA1211	4776
28390 7590 (982572009) MEDTRONIC VASCULAR, INC. IP LEGAL DEPARTMENT			EXAMINER	
			MEDWAY, SCOTT J	
3576 UNOCAL PLACE SANTA ROSA, CA 95403				PAPER NUMBER
			3763	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/25/2009	ELECTRONIC

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

rs.vasciplegal@medtronic.com

# Application No. Applicant(s) CAMPBELL, TODD 10/527,414 Office Action Summary

	Office Action Gammary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		SCOTT MEDWAY	3763					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ac	ldress				
Period fo	or Reply							
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLA- MEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA- hasons of time may be available under the provision of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the communication of the property of the property of the communication of the communication of the top of the property of the property of the property of the replay received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of patient term displayments. Sea 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin  till apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from  cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. sely filed the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)[X]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
		-· action is non-final.						
,—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
-,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
	·							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
,	Claim(s) <u>1-3,6-10,12-16 and 18-25</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	☐ Claim(s) <u>1-3,6-10,12-16 and 18-25</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	-14						
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Applicati	ion Papers							
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)⊠	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>03/11/2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
_	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti							
11)∐	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form P	ГО-152.				
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)🖾	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).					
a)	☑ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Applicati	on No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau							
* 8	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.					
Attachmen	t(s)							
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ite					

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

6) Other: \_\_\_\_\_\_ 3) information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/06) Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_.

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#### DETAILED ACTION

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 08/04/2009 has been entered.
- Claims 1-3, 6-10,12-16 and 18-25 are pending.

### Claim Objections

 Claim 8 is objected to because of the following informalities: the word "antirestentoic" should be changed to --anti-restenotic -- so as to correct the typographical error. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made. Application/Control Number: 10/527,414
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5. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 6. Claims 1-3, 6-8, 12-16, 18-20 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kamath et al (WO 2000/32255, hereinafter "Kamath") in view of Siepmann et al (see *Understanding and Predicting Drug Delivery*, hereinafter "Siepmann").

Regarding claims 1-3, 6-8, 12-16, 18-20 and 23, Kamath discloses a medical implant and an associated method for its production, comprising a surface and a coating, having at least two polymer layers incorporating at least two releasable pharmaceutical compounds (pg. 11, lines 17-23), wherein the medical device is, e.g., an expandable vascular stent (pg. 8, lines 12-21) (capable of being self-expanded), and comprises polymer layers made from, e.g. silicones (pg. 15, line 21) or collagen, a known bioresorbable compound (pg. 16, line 1); wherein the pharmaceutical compound is, e.g. a restenotic drug (pg. 25, line 4) and is coupled to the polymer coating by virtue of being embedded therein.

It is noted that Kamath does not disclose the compound incorporated into the polymer layers to have differing physical properties, where the physical property is molecular weight. Siepmann discloses the use of medical devices using layered

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coatings containing pharmaceutical compounds, where the layered coatings with different molecular weights are used to alter the effect of drug delivery (see pg. 308, "Polymer Dissolution" and Fig. 1). Since Kamath teaches that dissolution may ultimately cause drug to be delivered (pg. 24, lines 13-15), it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to try incorporating polymer layers with different molecular weights as suggested by Siepmann, since molecular weight is but one of a finite number of identified and well-known characteristics and altering that characteristic would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art with the expected result of providing an improved drug delivery profile.

Regarding claims 6 and 18, it is noted that Kamath in view of Siepmann does not specifically disclose the molecular weights of the polymer types used for the medical device coating to be in the range of 1 kDa to 100,000 kDa. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to consider implementing polymer coatings having molecular weights in this range, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.

7. Claims 9, 10, 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kamath et al (WO 2000/32255) in view of Siepmann et al (see *Understanding and Predicting Drug Delivery*), further in view of Shwarz (U.S. Pat. 6.368.658, hereinafter "Shwarz").

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It is noted that Kamath in view of Siepmann does not disclose a macrolide antibiotic such as rapamcyin. Shwarz discloses a drug delivery stent comprising rapamycin (col. 4, line 37), which is a known anti-restenotic compound and macrolide antibiotic. Since Kamath discloses the use of a stent for preventing restenosis, it would have been obvious to substitute a macrolide antibiotic such as rapamycin as disclosed by Shwarz for any anti-restenotic compound in Kamath, since rapamycin and the anti-restenotic compounds disclosed by Kamath are functional equivalents and substituting one for the other would be within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

Additionally, it has been held that selecting a known compound such as rapamycin on the basis of its suitability for use as an anti-restenotic compound in stents is within the level of ordinary skill in the art as an obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is directed to the Notice of References Cited.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SCOTT MEDWAY whose telephone number is (571) 270-3656. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 7:30 AM to 5:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nicholas Lucchesi can be reached on (571) 272-4977. The fax

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phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Scott J. Medway/ Examiner, AU 3763 08/17/2009

/Nicholas D Lucchesi/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3763